

Report To: Corporate Governance Committee

Date of Meeting: 23 January 2019

Lead Member / Officer: Cllr Julian Thompson-Hill

Report Author: Chief Finance Officer

Title: 1. Treasury Management Strategy Statement (TMSS) 2019/20 and Prudential Indicators 2019/20 to 2021/22 (Appendix 1)
2. Treasury Management (TM) Update Report 2018/19 (Appendix 2)

1 What is the report about?

- 1.1 The TMSS (Appendix 1) shows how the Council will manage its investments and its borrowing for the coming year and sets the policies within which the TM function operates. The TM Update Report (Appendix 2) provides details of the Council's TM activities during 2018/19.

2 What is the reason for making this report?

- 2.1 The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's Code of Practice on Treasury Management (the "CIPFA TM Code") requires the Council to approve the TMSS and Prudential Indicators annually. The Corporate Governance Committee is required to review this report before it is approved by Council on 19 February 2019. Furthermore, part of the Committee's role is to receive an update on the TM activities twice a year.

3 What are the Recommendations?

- 3.1 That the Committee reviews the TMSS for 2019/20 and the Prudential Indicators for 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 (Appendix 1).
- 3.2 That members note the TM update report (Appendix 2).
- 3.3 That the Committee confirms that it has read, understood and taken account of the Well-being Impact Assessment (Appendix 3) as part of its consideration.

4 Report details

Background

- 4.1 TM involves looking after the Council's cash which is a vital part of the Council's work because approximately £0.5bn passes through the Council's bank account every year.
- 4.2 At any one time, the Council has up to £20m in cash so it needs to make sure

that the best rate of return possible is achieved without putting the cash at risk which is why money is invested with a number of financial institutions.

When investing, the Council's priorities are to:

- keep money safe (security);
- make sure that the money comes back when it is needed (liquidity);
- make sure a decent rate of return is achieved (yield).

TMSS 2019/20

- 4.3 The TMSS for 2019/20 is set out in Appendix 1. This report includes TM Prudential Indicators which set limits on the Council's TM activity as shown in Appendix 1 Annex A.

Capital Prudential Indicators

- 4.4 The Capital related Prudential Indicators have been excluded from the TMSS and will now be included in the Capital Strategy Report which is a new report introduced by the 2017 edition of the Prudential Code. It is intended to give a high level, concise and comprehensible overview to all elected members of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contribute to the provision of the Council's services.

- 4.5 The Capital Strategy Report will be reported to Council in February alongside the Capital Plan and will include the following Capital related Prudential Indicators:

Estimates of Capital Expenditure and Financing
Ratio of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Stream
Capital Financing Requirement
Authorised Limit and Operational Boundary for External Debt

5 How does the decision contribute to the Corporate Priorities?

- 5.1 An efficient TM strategy allows the Council to minimise its borrowing costs and release funding for its investment priorities.

6 What will it cost and how will it affect other services?

- 6.1 There are no additional cost implications arising as a result of the setting of Prudential Indicators. The point of the TM Strategy is to obtain the best return within a properly managed risk framework.

7 What are the main conclusions of the Wellbeing Impact Assessment?

- 7.1 Financial planning and decision making should ensure that proper regard is given to the requirements of the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act and in particular, proper consideration of the long term impact of financial decisions, including the payback period and whole life costs of capital investment decisions, properly impact assessed budget proposals and long term debt and investment (treasury management) strategies. The principles of prudence,

affordability and sustainability are already enshrined within the requirements of the Prudential Code and should underpin financial planning and decision making.

7.2 In the context of treasury management, the existing requirements to assess and report on the long term financial consequences of investment and borrowing decisions using prudential indicators and long-term debt planning support the sustainability goals of the Wellbeing Act.

7.3 The Wellbeing Impact Assessment report is included in Appendix 3 which shows how an efficient Treasury Management strategy promotes the wellbeing goals of the Act.

8 What consultations have been carried out with Scrutiny and others?

8.1 The Council has consulted with its TM consultants, Arlingclose Ltd.

9 Chief Finance Officer Statement

9.1 TM involves looking after significant sums of cash so it is a vital part of the Council's work. It requires a sound strategy and appropriate controls to safeguard the Council's money, to ensure that reasonable returns on investments are achieved and that debt is effectively and prudently managed.

9.2 CIPFA published its new 2017 edition of the Code of Practice on TM at the end of 2017. It is a requirement of that Code for Council to approve a TMSS each financial year.

10 What risks are there and is there anything we can do to reduce them?

10.1 There are inherent risks involved in any TM activity as outlined in the Strategy Statement. The Council has a risk management policy but it is impossible to eliminate these risks completely.

11 Power to make the Decision

11.1 The Local Government Act 2003 determines the requirement for local authorities to set Prudential Indicators and requires the Council to comply with the Prudential Code of Capital Finance for Local Authorities that has been produced by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA).